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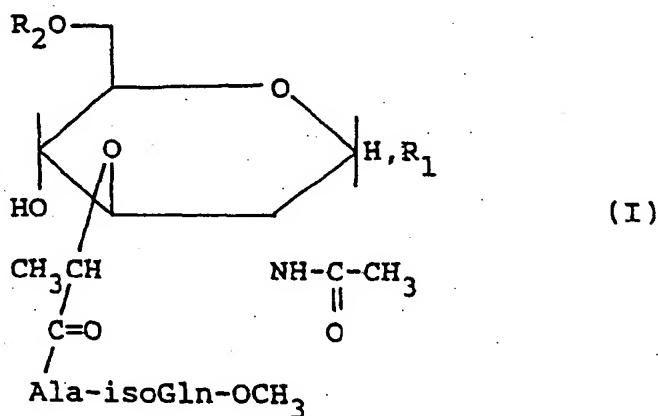
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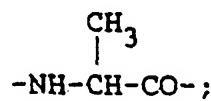
Applicant: The Nissin Oil Mills, Ltd.

(54) Muramyl peptide derivatives and immunoregulating compositions containing them.

(57) Muramyl peptide derivatives of the formula :



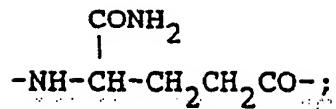
wherein "Ala" is



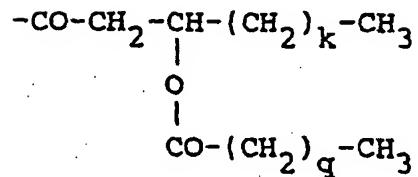
"isoGln" is

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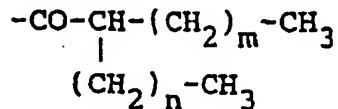
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R¹ is R₃O- or R₃S-[R₃ is



(k is an integer from 8 to 12; q is an integer from 10 to 22) or R₃ is



(m is an integer from 11 to 17; n is an integer from 11 to 17); and R₂ is hydrogen atom or -CO-(CH₂)_p-CH₃ (p is an integer from 8 to 22); which act on in vivo immunomechanism of human beings and livestock (in particular cells relevant immune responses) and are useful as immunoregulating agents.

Muramyl peptide derivatives and immun regulating compositions containing them**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION****5 1. Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to novel muramyl peptide derivatives. The muramyl peptide derivatives of the present invention acts on in vivo immunomechanism of human beings and livestock (in particular cells relevant to immune responses) and are useful as immunoregulating agents.

10

2. Description of the Prior Art

Muramyl peptides are known to possess various biological activities. That is, they possess in vitro 15 activities such as:

- (1) the action on cells related to immune responses (for example, monocytes or macrophages, B cells, T cells, natural killer (NK) cells and the like),
- (2) the action on cells other than those mentioned above (for example, platelets, endothelial cells, fibroblasts and the like), and

20 (3) the action which activates complement systems.

Further they show in vivo activities such as (1) immunoregulating action, and (2) enhancement of natural resistance [see Saishin Igaku, 43, No. 6, pp. 1268-1276 (1988) in Japan].

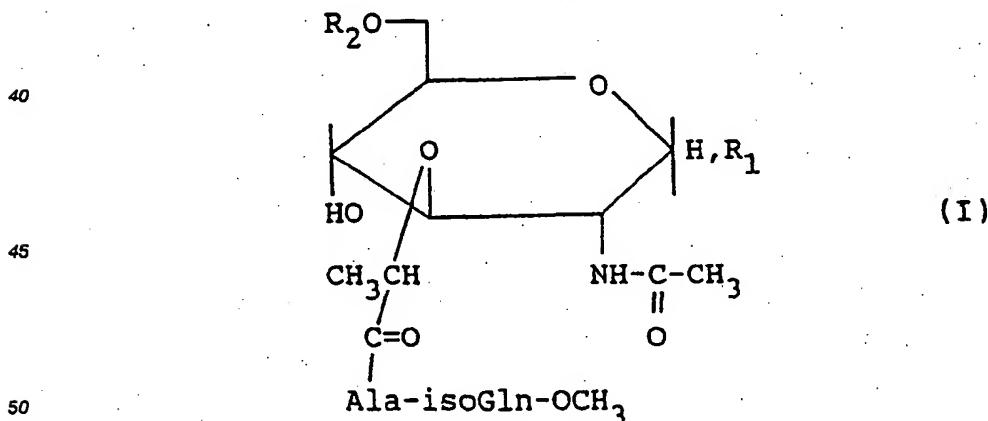
Known muramyl peptide derivatives are, for example, B30-muramyl dipeptide [Kusumoto et al; Tetrahedron letters, 49 pp. 4899-4902(1978)], muramyl dipetide-lysine [Matsumoto et al, Immunostimulants, pp. 25 79-97 (1987)] and those described in Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application Nos. 172399/1983, 20297/1984 and 275299/1986.

However, it is still desired to develop compounds other than the known muramyl dipeptide derivatives which have more excellent activity and less toxicity.

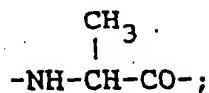
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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, a muramyl dipeptide derivative is provided, which is represented 35 with the following formula (I):



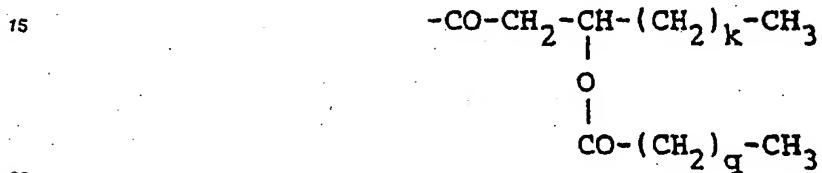
50 wherein "Ala" is



5 "isoGln" is



R₁ is R₃O- or R₃S- [R₃ is



(k is an integer from 8 to 12; q is an integer from 10 to 22) or R₃ is



(m is an integer from 11 to 17; n is an integer from 11 to 17); and R₂ is a hydrogen atom or CO-(CH₂)_p-CH₃ (p is an integer from 8 to 22).

The present invention also provides an immunoregulating composition comprising a compound of the formula (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

35 DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

In the formula (I), examples of the groups R₃ in the group -OR₃ or -SR₃ include 3-dodecanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-tridecanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-tetradecanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-pentadecanoyloxydodecanoyl, 40 3-hexadecanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-heptadecanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-octadecanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-nonadecanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-eicosanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-docosanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-heneicosanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-tricosanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-tetracosanoyloxydodecanoyl, 3-dodecanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-tridecanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-tetradecanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-pentadecanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-hexadecanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-heptadecanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-octadecanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-nonadecanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-eicosanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-docosanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-heneicosanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-tricosanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-tetracosanoyloxytridecanoyl, 3-dodecanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-tridecanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-pentadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-heptadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-nonadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-eicosanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-docosanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-heneicosanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-tricosanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyl, 3-dodecanoyloxypentadecanoyl, 3-tridecanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-tetradecanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-pentadecanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-hexadecanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-heptadecanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-octadecanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-nonadecanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-eicosanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-docosanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-heneicosanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-tricosanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-tetracosanoyloxpentadecanoyl, 3-dodecanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-tridecanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-tetradecanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-pentadecanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-hexadecanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-heptadecanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-octadecanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-nonadecanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-eicosanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-heneicosanoyloxyhexadecanoyl, 3-tricosanoyloxyhex-

adecanoyl, 3-tetracosanyloxyhexadecanoyl, 2-dodecyltetradecanoyl, 2-tridecyltetradecanoyl, 2-tetradecyltetradecanoyl, 2-pentadecyltetradecanoyl, 2-hexadecyltetradecanoyl, 2-heptadecyltetradecanoyl, 2-octadecyltetradecanoyl, 2-tetradecylpentadecanoyl, 2-pentadecylpentadecanoyl, 2-hexadecylpentadecanoyl, 2-heptadecylpentadecanoyl, 2-octadecylpentadecanoyl, 2-tridecylhexadecanoyl, 2-dodecylhexadecanoyl, 2-tridecylhexadecanoyl, 2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl, 2-pentadecylhexadecanoyl, 2-hexadecylhexadecanoyl, 2-heptadecylhexadecanoyl, 2-octadecylhexadecanoyl, 2-dodecylpentadecanoyl, 2-tridecylpentadecanoyl, 2-tetradecylpentadecanoyl, 2-pentadecylpentadecanoyl, 2-hexadecylpentadecanoyl, 2-heptadecylpentadecanoyl, 2-octadecylpentadecanoyl, 2-dodecylhexadecanoyl, 2-tridecylhexadecanoyl, 2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl, 2-pentadecylhexadecanoyl, 2-hexadecylhexadecanoyl, 2-heptadecylhexadecanoyl, 2-octadecylhexadecanoyl, 2-dodecylheptadecanoyl, 2-tridecylheptadecanoyl, 2-pentadecylheptadecanoyl, 2-hexadecylheptadecanoyl, 2-heptadecylheptadecanoyl, 2-octadecylheptadecanoyl, 2-dodecylocta-decanoyl, 2-tridecylocta-decanoyl, 2-tetradecylocta-decanoyl, 2-octadecylocta-decanoyl, 2-dodecylnonadecanoyl, 2-tridecylnonadecanoyl, 2-tetradecylnonadecanoyl, 2-pentadecylnonadecanoyl, 2-hexadecylnonadecanoyl, 2-heptadecylnonadecanoyl, 2-octadecylnonadecanoyl, 2-dodecyleicosanoyl, 2-tridecyleicosanoyl, 2-tetradecyleicosanoyl, 2-pentadecyleicosanoyl, 2-hexadecyleicosanoyl, 2-heptadecyleicosanoyl and 2-octadecyleicosanoyl groups.

Preferred groups of R_3 are 3-tetradecanoxytetradecanoyl, 3-hexadecanoxytetradecanoyl, 3-octadecanoxytetradecanoyl, 3-tetracosanyloxytetradecanoyl and 2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl groups.

Examples of R_2 include hydrogen atom, decanoyl, undecanoyl, dodecanoyl, tridecanoyl, tetradecanoyl, pentadecanoyl, hexadecanoyl, heptadecanoyl, octadecanoyl, nonadecanoyl, eicosanoyl, docosanoyl, heneicosanoyl, tricosanoyl and tetracosanoyl groups.

R_2 is preferably hydrogen atom or tetradecanoyl group.

Preferably, "Ala" is an L-alanine residue, and "isoGln" is a residue derivated from D-isoglutamine.

The compounds of the formula (I) of the present invention are basically muramyl dipeptide derivatives, in which the muramyl dipeptide moiety has preferably the same steric configuration as that of the muramyl dipeptide moiety in natural muramyl dipeptides. Namely, the moieties of muramic acid and dipeptide in the present muramyl dipeptides have D-steric configuration and L-alanine-D-isoglutamine configuration, respectively. However, the muramyl dipeptides of the present invention may be those having other possible steric configurations.

The group $-OR_3$ or $-SR_3$ in the definition of the formula (I) preferably combines with the saccharide moiety in the form of α -bond and β -bond, respectively.

The acyloxyacyl group in R_3 has an asymmetric carbon atom and may be in the form of D- or L-isomer, or racemic mixture.

Interesting compounds belonging to the formula (I) in the present invention include:

- 35 N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-O(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
40 N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
45 N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
50 N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamin methylester
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamin methylester
55 N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methyl ster
N-[2-O-{2-Aacetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamin methylester

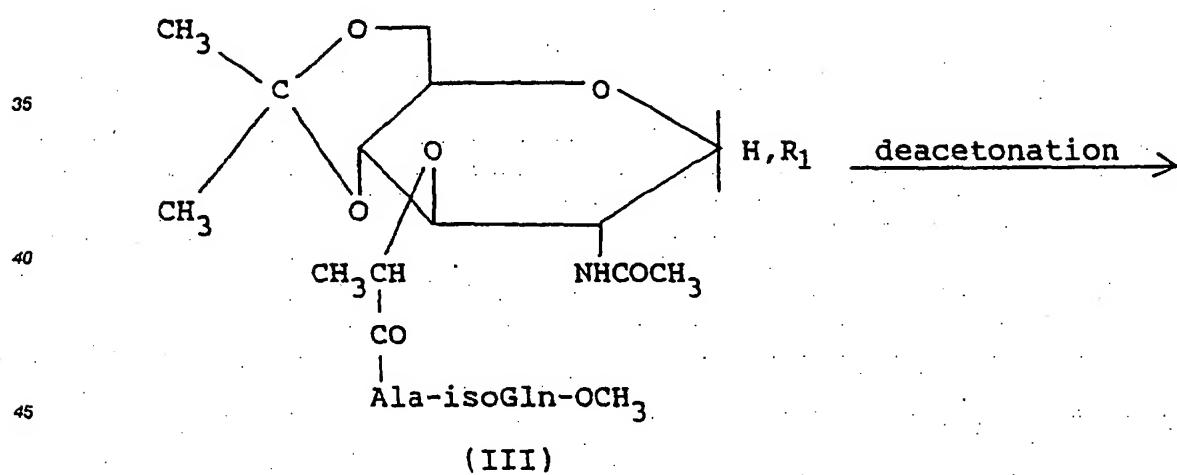
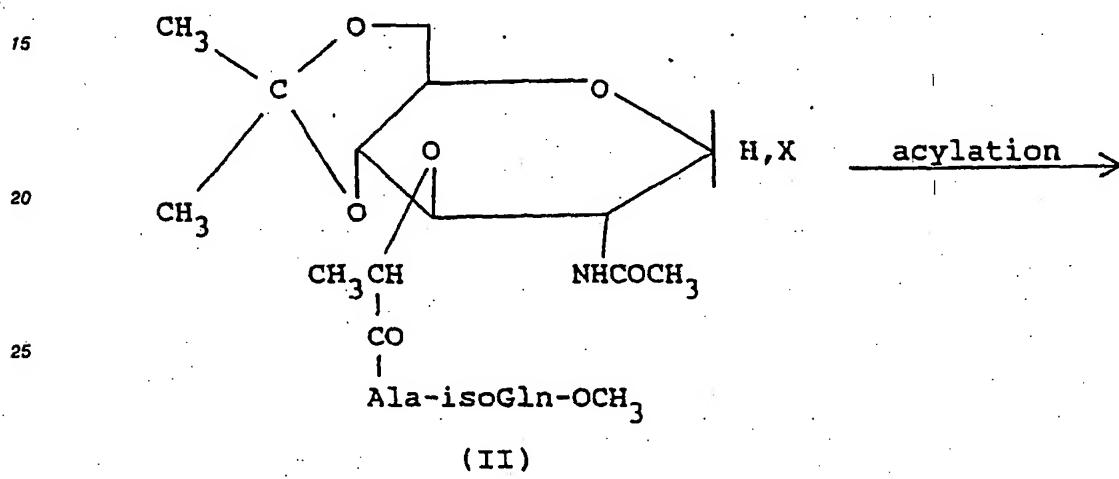
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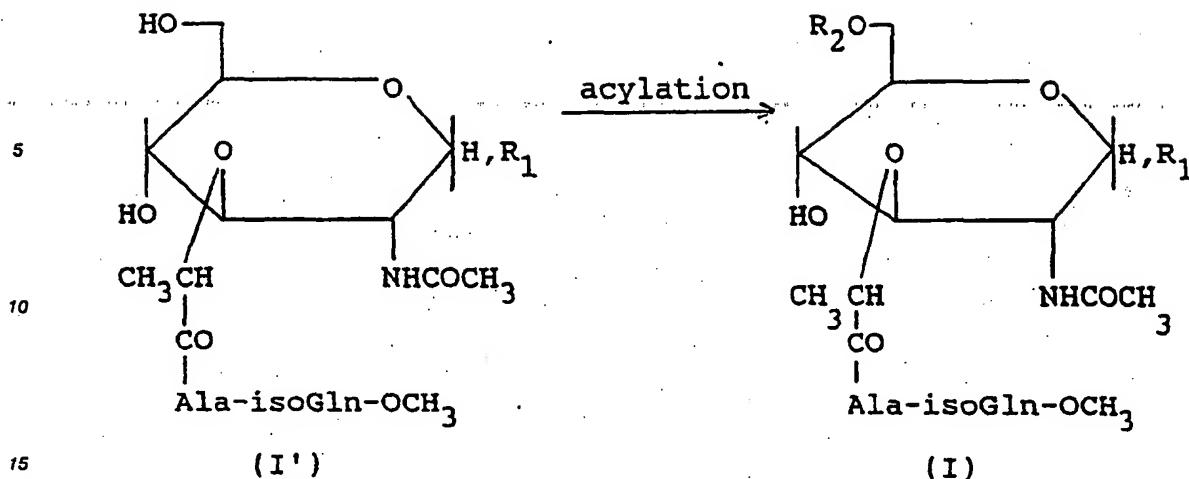
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N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxyhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-dodecanooyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxyhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
 5 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxyhexadecanoyl)-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester
 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-hexadecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxyhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester and
 10 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxyhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester.

The compounds of the present invention can be basically prepared by the following process.





In the formulae, X is OH or SH; R₁ and R₂ are defined as above.

20 The above mentioned process consists of two acylation steps (the acylations at 6th and 1st positions of the glucopyranose moiety) and one deacetonation step.

25 The two acylation steps can be conducted by reacting a compound of the formula (II) or (I') with a specific acylating agent (R₂H, R₃H or its reactive derivative). These steps are generally carried out in an anhydrous organic solvent (for example, dimethylformamide or dioxane) and at room temperature or a slightly elevated temperature. When R₂H or R₃H (a free acid) is used, it is conducted in the presence of an appropriate condensing agent (for example, dicyclohexylcarbodiimide, N-cyclohexyl-N'-morpholinoethylcarbodiimide, N-cyclohexyl-N-(4-diethylaminocyclohexyl)-carbodiimide or N,N'-diethylcarbodiimide). Examples of reactive derivatives of R₂H or R₃H are conventional reactive derivatives used in acylation, such as mixed acid anhydrides, active esters, acid halides and the like. The deacetonating step can be readily conducted under an acid hydrolysis condition (e.g., using 80% acetic acid aqueous solution) at a slightly elevated t mperature.

30 The compounds of the formula (II) are known or can be readily prepared by known methods.

35 The compounds obtained by the above process may be purified by a conventional method such as a column chromatography using almina or silica gel, recrystallization and the like.

The compounds of the formula (I) of the present invention have an action for enhancing function of c ells relevant to in vivo immune response and an action for increasing the number of said cells, and hence they are useful as an immunoregulating agent. The immunoregulating agent of the present invention can be used to enhance in vivo activities of vaccines such as BCG vaccine, hepatitis vaccine, influenza virus vaccine or the like, various antibacterial agents or anti-tumor agents.

40 The immunoregulating composition of the present invention comprises a compound of the formula (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The composition may be any dosage form for oral and parenteral administrations.

The compositions for oral administration are generally dosage forms such as powders, tablets, emulsions, capsules, granules and liquid preparations (including liquid extracts, syrups and the like).

45 Examples of carriers for powders or other orally administrable solid preparations include lactose, starch, dextrin, calcium phosphate, calcium carbonate, synthetic or natural aluminium silicate, magnesium oxide, dried aluminium hydroxide, magnesium stearate, sodium bicarbonate, dried yeast and the like, and those for liquid preparations include water, glycerine, propylene glycol, simple syrup, ethanol, fatty oil, ethylen glycol, polyethylene glycol, sorbitol and th like. A typical example of the composition for parenteral administration is an injection. Liquid carriers for the injection include steril distill d water. Wh n a compound of the formula (I) is less solubl in water, an appropriat solubilizer is used. Each of the above preparations can be prepar d by conventional methods.

50 When the compounds of the formula (II) of the pres nt inv ntion are used for enhanc m nt of antitumor agents, they may b orally or parenterally administered to an adult human in an amount of 150 to 250 μ g/day in one dose. When used for enhancement of vaccines, they may be administ r d to an adult human in an amount of 0.5 to 2.0mg/1 to 2 weeks in one dose. For treatment of h patitis, they may b orally or parenterally administered to an adult human 1 to 3 times for 3 months in an amount of 0.5 to 2.0mg in one dose. For enhancem nt of antibacterial agents, th y may be used to an adult human in an

amount 20 to 100 μ g/day in one dose.

The immunoregulating agents of the present invention may be generally used by formulating themselves only as described above. But they may be formulated together with an agent to be enhanced its action.

5 Further, the immunoregulating agents of the present invention can be used for not only humans but also other mammals such as pigs, bovines, sheeps, dogs, and cats.

The present invention is illustrated with following examples.

10 Example 1

N-[2-O-[2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

15 The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 2-tetradecylhexadecanoyloxy group (279.4mg, 0.281mmol) was dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution (8ml) and the resultant was allowed to stand for 2 hours at 45°C. After confirming the completion of the reaction with T.L.C.(CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 10 : 1), the resultant was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain quantitatively the title compound 20 (266.2mg).

mp : 147.0-148.0°C

[α]_D²⁵ : +44.38° (c = 1.050, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 1 : 1)

IR γ max(KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3350, 2930, 2850, 1740, 1650, 1520

NMR(CD₃OD-CHCl₃) δ (ppm) : 0.88(t,6H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.26(s,4H), 1.38-1.43(m,6H), 1.51-1.62(m,4H), 1.93(s,3H),

25 3.70(s,3H), 6.16(d,1H,J = 4.0Hz)

Example 2

30 N-[2-O-[2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 2-tetradecylhexadecanoylthio group (133.7mg) was 35 dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution (15ml), which was allowed to react for 2 hours at 45°C. After confirming the completion of the reaction with T.L.C., the resultant was concentrated under reduced pressure and crystallized from ether to obtain quantitatively the title compound (127.0mg, crystals).

mp : 130.0-131.0°C

[α]_D²⁵ : +46.79° (c = 1.201, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 1 : 1)

40 IR γ max(KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3300, 2920, 2850, 1720, 1630, 1530

Example 3

45 N-[2-O-[2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyloxy group (409.1mg, 50 0.411mmol) was dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution (15ml) and allowed to stand for an hour at 45°C. In the same manner as that in Example 1, the title compound was quantitatively obtained (386.9mg).

mp : 133.8-134.6°C

[α]_D²⁵ : +44.74° (c = 1.180, CHCl₃ : MeOH = 1 : 1)

IR γ max(KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3700-3140, 2930, 2850, 1740, 1250, 1630, 1540

55 NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.89(t,6H,J = 2.2Hz), 1.27(m,36H), 1.43(m,6H), 1.60(m,4H), 2.00(s,3H), 2.10-2.30(m,4H), 2.44-2.67(m,6H), 3.68(s,3H), 5.31(m,1H), 6.05(d,1H)

Example 4

5 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yI}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

10 The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoylthio group (580.1mg, 0.5808mmol) was dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution (12ml) and allowed to stand for an hour at 45°C. After confirming the completion of the reaction with T.L.C. (CH₂Cl₂: MeOH = 10 : 1), the resultant was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting syrup was lyophilized to obtain quantitatively the title compound (555.2mg, crystals).

mp : 110-111°C
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} : +26.68$ (c = 0.787, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 2 : 1)
IR γ_{max} (KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3650-3130, 3300, 2940, 2860, 1740, 1650, 1550,
15 NMR(CDCl₃-CD₃OD) δ : 0.88 (t,6H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.25 (m,36H), 1.35 (d,3H,J = 7.0Hz), 1.39 (d,3H,J = 7.3Hz), 1.43-1.58 (m,4H), 1.93(s,3H), 1.93-2.04 (m,2H), 2.09-2.87(m,6H), 3.71(s,3H), 4.05(t,1H,J = 10.4Hz), 4.28-4.33(m,1H), 4.31(q,1H,J = 7.0Hz), 4.38-4.43 (m,1H), 5.12(d,1H,J = 11.0Hz) 5.17-5.26(m,1H)

Example 5

20 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yI}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

25 The compound of the formula (I) wherein R₁ is 2-tetradecylhexadecanoyloxy group (143.3mg, 0.150mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (1.3ml) and dry N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF, 1.3ml). To the solution were added decanoic acid (29.6mg, 0.180mmol), dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC, 61.7mg, 0.300mmol) and dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 9.1mg, 0.075mmol), and the resultant was stirred for 14 hours at room temperature. After the completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting syrup was subjected to a column chromatography [Wakogel® C-200 eluted with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH ((a) 150 : 1 and (b) 20 : 1)] and the eluate eluted with the eluent (b) was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resultant syrup was subjected to a column chromatography [active alumina 90 eluted with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH ((a') 150 : 1 and (b') 20 : 1)], to remove DMAP and the eluate eluted with the eluent (b') gave the title compound (121.3mg, yield: 72.6%).

mp : 116.3-117.0°C
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} : +42.56$ (C = 0.726, CHCl₃ : MeOH = 2 : 1)
IR γ_{max} (KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3650-3150, 2940, 2870, 1740, 1650, 1540
NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.88(t,6H,J = 6.8Hz), 0.92(t,3H,J = 7.1Hz), 1.25(m,62H), 1.39(d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.41-40 (d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.51-1.60(m,6H), 1.90-2.23(m,2H), 1.94(s,3H), 2.33(t,2H,J = 7.5Hz), 2.39-2.50(m,3H), 3.69-(s,3H), 6.18(d,1H,J = 3.7Hz)

Example 6

45 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yI}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

50 The compound of the formula (I) wherein R₁ is 2-tetradecylhexadecanoyloxy group (139.7mg, 0.147mmol) is dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (2ml) and dry DMF (2ml). To the solution were added tetradecanoic acid (40.0mg, 0.176mmol), DCC(60.2mg, 0.294mmol) and DMAP(8.9mg, 0.074mmol). The resultant was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature and then treated in the same manner as that in Example 5 to obtain the title compound (105.4mg, yield: 61.7%).

55 mp : 116.8-117.7°C
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} : +29.22$ (c = 1.054, CH₂Cl₂)
IR γ_{max} (KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3700-3100, 2940, 2860, 1740, 1680, 1540
NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.88(t,9H,J = 6.4Hz), 1.25(m,7H), 1.38(d,3H, J = 6.6Hz), 1.41(d,3H, J = 7.3Hz), 1.49-1.60-

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(m,6H), 1.93(s,3H), 2.03-2.21(m,2H), 2.32(t,2H,J = 7.7Hz), 2.38-2.74(m,3H), 3.68(s,3H), 6.17(d,1H,J = 3.7Hz)

Example 7

5

N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

10 The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 2-tetradecylhexadecanoyloxy group (122.7mg, 0.129mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (1.5ml) and dry DMF (0.5ml). To the solution were added octadecanoic acid (44.5mg, 0.155mmol), DCC(53.7mg, 0.258mmol) and DMAP(7.9mg, 0.065mmol). The resultant was stirred for 14 hours and then treated in the same manner as that in Example 5 to obtain the title compound(119.0mg, yield: 75.6%).

15 mp : 118.7-120.0 °C

$[\alpha]_D^{25} : +39.45^{\circ}$ (c = 0.621, CHCl₃ : MeOH = 2 : 1)

IR γ_{max} (KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3650-3150, 2930, 2860, 1740, 1650, 1540

NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.88(t,9H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.25(m,78H), 1.39(d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.41(d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.49-1.60-
(m,6H), 1.94(s,3H), 1.90-2.26(m,2H), 2.32(t,2H,J = 7.3Hz), 2.39-2.50(m,3H), 3.69(s,3H), 6.18(d,1H,J = 3.7Hz)

20

Example 8

25 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

30 The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 2-tetradecylhexadecanoylthio (128.4mg, 0.134mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (1.5ml) and dry DMF (1.0ml). To the solution were added decanoic acid (27.4mg, 0.161mmol), DCC(54.6mg, 0.268mmol) and DMAP(8.1mg, 0.067mmol). The resultant was stirred for 6.5 hours at room temperature. After confirming the completion of the reaction with T.L.C. (10 : 1), the resultant was lyophilized and subjected to a column chromatography [Wakogel® C-200 eluted with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH ((a) 150 : 1 and (b) 50 : 1)]. The eluate eluted with the eluent (b) gave the title compound (99.6mg, yield: 66.8%).

35 mp : 98.6-99.4 °C

$[\alpha]_D^{25} : +17.69^{\circ}$ (c = 0.797, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 2 : 1)

IR γ_{max} (KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3500-3200, 2950, 2880, 1750, 1640, 1560

NMR(CDCl₃-CD₃OD) δ : 0.88(t,6H,J = 6.6Hz), 0.92(t,3H,J = 7.1Hz), 1.25(m,56H), 1.34(d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.40-
(d,3H,J = 7.0Hz), 1.58-1.71(m,6H), 1.90(s,3H), 1.94-2.24(m,2H), 2.33(t,2H,J = 7.5Hz), 2.42-2.52(m,3H), 3.69-
40 (s,3H), 5.11(d,1H,J = 10.6Hz)

Example 9

45

N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

50 The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 2-tetradecylhexadecanoylthio group (125.0mg, 0.131mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (1.5ml) and dry DMF (1.0ml). To the solution were added tetradecanoic acid (35.3mg, 0.157mmol), DCC(53.1mg, 0.262mmol) and DMAP (7.9mg, 0.066mmol). The resultant was stirred for 3 hours at room temperature and then treated in the same manner as that in Example 8 to obtain the title compound (125.8mg, yield: 82.5%).

mp : 99.0-100.4 °C

55 $[\alpha]_D^{25} : +2.13^{\circ}$ (c = 2.16, CH₂Cl₂)

IR γ_{max} (KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3650-3200, 2930, 2860, 1740, 1650, 1550

NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.85-0.95(m,9H), 1.25(m,68H), 1.36(d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.41(d,3H,J = 7.3Hz), 1.47-1.76(m,6H),
1.88-2.32(m,2H), 1.94(s,3H), 2.35(t,2H,J = 7.9Hz), 2.47-2.53(m,3H), 3.70(s,3H), 5.12(d,1H,J = 10.3Hz)

Example 10

N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 2-tetradecylhexadecanoylthio (122.4mg, 0.128mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (1.5ml) and dry DMF (1.0ml). To the solution were added octadecanoic acid (43.0mg, 0.145mmol), DCC(52.0mg, 0.245mmol) and DMAP (7.7mg, 0.064mmol). The resultant was stirred for 4 hours at room temperature and treated in the same manner as that in Example 8 to obtain the title compound (102.7mg, yield : 65.6%).

mp : 99.3-101.0 °C

[α]_D²⁵ : +2.06° (c = 0.376, CH₂Cl₂ MeOH = 2 : 1)

IR γ max(KBr)cm⁻¹ : 3600-3150, 2920, 2840, 1740, 1640, 1540

NMR(CDCl₃-CD₃OD) δ : 0.88(t,9H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.26(m,7.6H), 1.35(d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.40(d,3H,J = 7.3Hz), 1.58-1.61(m,6H), 1.88(s,3H), 1.92-2.26(m,2H), 2.33(t,2H,J = 7.7Hz), 2.41-2.55(m,3H), 3.69(s,3H), 4.40(q,1H), 5.10-(d,1H,J = 11.0Hz)

Example 11

N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyloxy group (116.9mg, 0.121mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dioxane (1.5ml) and dry DMF (0.5ml). To the solution were added decanoic acid (24.3mg, 0.145mmol), DCC (48.4mg, 0.242mmol) and DMAP (7.2mg, 0.161mmol). The resultant was stirred for 8 hours at room temperature. After confirming, the completion of the reaction with T.L.C. (CH₂Cl₂ MeOH = 10 : 1), the resultant was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting syrup was subjected to a column chromatography [Wakogel® C-200 eluted with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH (a) 150 : 1 and (b) 35 : 1]. The eluate eluted with the eluent (b) gave the title compound (80.4mg, yield : 59.6%).

mp : 72.0-72.8 °C

[α]_D²⁵ : +27.86° (c = 0.804, CH₂Cl₂)

IR γ max(Film)cm⁻¹ : 3700-3100, 2930, 2850, 1740, 1650, 1540

NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.88(t,9H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.25-1.27(m,48H), 1.43(d,3H, J = 6.6Hz), 1.45(d,3H,J = 7.0Hz), 1.61-(m,6H), 2.00(s,3H), 2.04-2.24(m,2H), 2.30(t,2H, J = 7.5Hz), 2.32-2.67(m,6H), 3.69(s,3H), 4.21(q,1H,J = 6.6Hz), 5.29(m,1H), 6.05(d,1H,J = 3.3Hz)

Example 12

N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester.

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyloxy (108.6mg, 0.115mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (1.5ml) and dry DMF (0.5ml). To the solution were added tetradecanoic acid (30.1mg, 0.137mmol), DCC(45.3mg, 0.228mmol) and DMAP (6.7mg, 0.057mmol).

The mixture was allowed to react for 14 hours at room temperature. The resultant was treated in the same manner as that in Example 11 to obtain the title compound (99.1mg, yield: 74.6%).

mp : 72.5-73.6 °C

[α]_D²⁵ : +26.51° (c = 1.388, CH₂Cl₂)

IR γ max(film)cm⁻¹ : 3700-3150, 2930, 2850, 1740, 1660, 1540

NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.88(t,9H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.25-1.38(m,56H), 1.43(d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.45(d,3H,J = 7.0Hz), 1.60-(m,6H), 1.99(s,3H), 2.06-2.24(m,2H), 2.30(t,2H,J = 7.5Hz), 2.32-2.66(m,6H), 3.69(s,3H), 4.21(q,1H,J = 7.0Hz), 5.30(m,1H), 6.05(d,1H,J = 3.3Hz)

Example 13

5 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl group (108.8mg, 0.114mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (1.5ml) and dry DMF (0.5ml). To the solution were added octadecanoic acid (37.6mg, 0.137mmol), DCC (45.4mg, 0.228mmol) and DMAP (6.7mg, 0.057mmol).
10 The resultant was stirred for 14 hours at room temperature and then treated in the same manner as that in Example 11 to obtain the title compound (95.6mg, yield: 68.5%).
mp : 68.1-69.0 °C
 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: + 26.15 (c = 1.338, CH₂Cl₂)
IR γ max(film)cm⁻¹ : 3700-3150, 2930, 2850, 1740, 1650, 1540
15 NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.88(t,9H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.25-1.39(m,64H), 1.43(d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.44(d,3H,J = 7.0Hz), 1.58-1.60(m,6H), 1.99(s,3H), 2.02-2.22(m,2H), 2.30(t,2H,J = 7.5Hz), 2.32-2.67(m,6H), 3.69(s,3H), 4.21(q,1H,J = 6.6Hz), 5.30(m,1H), 6.05(d,1H,J = 3.3Hz)

20 Example 14

25 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-S-((3R)-R-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoylthio (239.2mg, 0.250mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (0.5ml) and dry DMF (0.5ml). To the solution were added decanoic acid (51.6ml, 0.300mmol), DCC (102.9mg, 0.50mmol) and DMAP (15.2mg, 0.499mmol), and the resultant was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature. After confirming the completion of the reaction with T.L.C. (CH₂Cl₂ MeOH = 10 : 1), DC urea of a reaction by-product was filtered off and washed with dioxane. The filtrate and washings were combined and then lyophilized. The amorphous material thus obtained was subjected to a column chromatography [Wakogel® C-200 eluted with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH ((a) 200 : 1, (b) 70 : 1, (c) 60 : 1 and (d) 40 : 1)]. The eluate eluted with the eluent (c) gave the title compound (111.6mg, yield: 40.2%).
35 mp : 138.6 - 139.9 °C
 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: + 17.09 (c = 0.702, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 2:1)
IR γ max(film)cm⁻¹ : 3650-3020, 3250, 2930, 2850, 1740, 1660, 1540
NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.87(t,9H,J = 5.7Hz), 1.25(m,52H), 1.39(d,3H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.58(m,6H), 1.95(s,3H), 2.10-2.28(m,2H), 2.34(6,2H,J = 7.7Hz), 2.47-2.91(m,6H), 3.69(s,3H), 5.13(d,1H,J = 11.0Hz), 5.11-5.21(m,1H)

40

Example 15

45 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoylthio (206.5mg, 0.215mmol) was dissolved in dry dioxane (0.5ml) and dry DMF (0.5ml). To the solution were added tetradecanoic acid (59.0mg, 0.259 mmol), DCC (88.9mg, 0.431 mmol) and DMAP (13.1mg, 9.1077 mmol). The resultant was stirred for 2.5 hours at room temperature and then treated in the same manner as that in Example 14 to obtain the title compound (95.6mg, yield: 38.0%).
mp : 136.1 - 137.7 °C
 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: + 17.57 (c = 0.956, CH₂Cl₂:MeOH = 2:1)
55 IR γ max (film)cm⁻¹: 3650-3120, 3300, 2930, 2860, 1740, 1640, 1540
NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.88(t,9H,J = 6.6Hz), 1.25(m,56H), 1.39(d,3H,J = 7.0Hz), 1.42(d,3H,J = 7.0Hz), 1.57(m,6H), 1.97(s,3H), 2.01-2.28(m,2H), 2.34(t,2H,J = 7.7Hz), 3.71(s,3H), 5.13(d,1H,J = 11.0Hz), 5.11-5.23(m,1H)

Example 16

5 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoylthio (203.2mg, 0.212 mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (0.5ml) and dry DMF (0.5ml). To the solution were added octadecanoic acid (63.1mg, 0.254 mmol), DCC (87.5mg, 0.424 mmol) and DMAP (12.9mg, 0.106 mmol).

10 The resultant was stirred for 3 hours at room temperature and then treated in the same manner as that in Example 14 to obtain the title compound (112.2mg, yield: 43.2%).

mp : 133.7 - 134.5 °C

$[\alpha]_D^{25} : +17.46$ (c = 1.122, CH₂Cl₂:MeOH = 2:1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3700-3150, 3320, 2960, 2900, 1750, 1680, 1580

15 NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.87(6,9H,J = 5.5Hz), 1.25(m,6.6H), 1.39(d,3H,J = 5.9Hz), 1.57(m,6H), 1.95(s,3H), 1.95-2.18-(m,2H), 2.25-2.90(m,6H), 2.38(t,2H,J = 7.1Hz), 3.69(s,3H), 5.13(d,1H,J = 11.0Hz), 5.11-5.20(m,1H)

Example 17

20

5 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

25 The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyloxy (408.1mg, 0.410 mmol) was dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution (15ml), which was allowed to stand for 1.5 hours at 45 °C. In the same manner as that in Example 4, the title compound (391.7mg) was quantitatively obtained from the above solution.

m.p. : 134.2 - 135.5 °C

30 $[\alpha]_D^{25} : +47.38$ (c = 0.878, CH₂Cl₂:MeOH = 1:1)

IR γ max (cm⁻¹) : 3700-3100(OH), 3300(NH) 2920, 2850(CH) 1740(ester) 1650, 1530(amido)

NMR(CDCl₃) δ : 0.88(t,9H,JMeCH₂6Hz,3MeCH₂), 1.25(m,40H,20CHz), 1.42(d,3H,J_{MeCH}7.3Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.45(d,3H,J_{MeCH}7.3Hz,HeC of Lac), 1.57-1.60(m,6H,3MeCH₂), 1.95-2.17(m,2H,CH₂CH of Gln), 2.00-(S,3H,AcN), 2.30(t,2H,JCH₂CH₂7.5Hz,CH₂CO of Gln), 2.37-2.66(m,6H,3CH₂CO), 3.68(S,3H,COOMe), 5.30-5.42(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₇-O-C₁₆), 6.03(d,1H,J_{1,2},3.3Hz,H-1),

Example 18

40

5 N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

45 The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyloxy (191.1mg, 0.200mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (3.0ml) and dry DMF (1.0ml). To the solution were added octadecanoic acid (74.0mg, 0.260mmol), DDC(82.5mg, 0.400mmol) and DMAP (12.2mg, 0.100mmol). The resultant was stirred for 16 hours at room temperature. In the same manner as that in Example 11, the title compound (193.1mg, yield : 78.9%) was obtained.

mp : 69.5-71.0 °C

50 $[\alpha]_D^{25} : +40.69$ (C = 1.504, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 2 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3700-3130(OH), 3300(NH), 2930, 2860(CH), 1740(ester), 1660, 1540(amido),

NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.88(t,9H,JMeCH₂6.6Hz,3MeCH₂), 1.25(m,68H,34CH₂), 1.43(d,3H,J_M CH5.9Hz,M C of Ala), 1.45(d,3H,JMeCH5.9Hz,MeC of Lac), 1.60(m,6H,3MeCH₂), 1.99(s,3H,AcN), 2.19-2.66(m,8H,CH₂CH of Gln,3CH₂CO), 2.35(t,2H,JCH₂CH₂7.7Hz,CH₂CO of Gln), 3.69(s,3H,COOMe), 5.30(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄OC₁₅), 6.05(d,1H,J_{1,2}, 2.9Hz,H-1)

Example 19

N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-hexadecanoxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoylthio (586.6mg, 0.580mmol) was dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution (12ml), which was allowed to stand for an hour at 45°C. In the same manner as that in Example 4, the title compound (563.4mg) was quantitatively obtained.

mp : 94.6-95.8°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25} : +28.06$ (C = 1.112, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 1 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3680-3130(OH), 3300(NH), 2940, 2870(CH), 1740(ester), 1650, 1550(amido)
 NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.88(t,6H,JMeCH₂6.4Hz,2MeCH₂), 1.27(m,40H,20CH₂), 1.37(d,3H,JMeCH7.0Hz,MeC of Lac), 1.41(d,3H,JMeCH7.0Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.60(m,4H,2MeCH₂), 1.91(s,3H,AcN), 1.91-2.02(m,1H,CHCH₂ of Gln), 2.21-2.90(m,6H,CH₂CO of Gln,2CH₂CO), 3.70(s,3H,COOMe), 4.05(t,1H,J_{6a,6b},10.3Hz,H-6a), 4.22-4.26(m,2H,CH of Lac and Ala), 4.34-4.39(m,1H,CH of Gln), 5.13(d,1H,J_{1,2}10.6Hz,H-1), 5.21-5.25(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄OC₁₅)

Example 20N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-hexadecanoxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoylthio(340.0mg, 0.350mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (4.0ml) and dry DMF(1.5ml). To the solution were added octadecanoic acid(129.4mg, 0.455mmol), DCC(144.4mg, 0.700mmol) and DMAP(21.4mg, 0.175mmol). The resultant was stirred for 3 hours at room temperature. In the same manner as that in Example 14, the title compound (203.1mg, yield : 46.8%) was obtained.

mp : 171.2-172.8°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25} : +17.01$ (C = 0.723, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 2 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3320, 3270(NH, OH), 2920, 2850(CH), 1740(ester), 1650, 1540(amido)
 NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.87(t,9H,JMeCH5.3Hz,3MeCH₂), 1.25(m,70H,35CH₂), 1.39(d,3H,JMeCH6.6Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.58(m,6H,3MeCH₂), 1.94(s,3H,AcN), 2.22-2.91(m,2H,CH₂CO of Gln), 2.32(t,2H,JCH₂CH₂7.7Hz,CH₂CO of Gln), 3.69(s,3H,COOMe), 5.13(d,1H,J_{1,2}11.0Hz,H-1), 5.11-5.20(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄-O-C₁₅)

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Example 21N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-octadecanoxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyloxy(388.9mg, 0.380mmol) was dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution(15ml), which was allowed to stand for 2 hours at 45°C. In the same manner as that in Example 4, the title compound (373.7mg) was quantitatively obtained(373.7mg).

mp : 187-188.5°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25} : +47.11$ (C = 0.900, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 1 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3700-3100(OH), 3300(NH), 2910, 2850(CH), 1740(st r), 1650, 1540(amido)
 NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.88(t,9H,JMe₁CH₂7.0Hz,3MeCH₂), 1.25(m,44H,22CH₂), 1.41(d,3H,JMeCH7.8Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.44(d,3H,JMeCH7.8Hz,MeC of Lac), 1.99(s,3H,AcN), 1.94-2.04(m,2H,CH₂CH of Gln), 2.30-(t,2H,JCH₂CH₂8.0Hz,CH₂CO of Gln), 2.27-2.46(m,6H,3CH₂CO), 3.70(s,3H,COOMe), 5.30(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄OC₁₅), 6.05(d,1H,J_{1,2}7.8Hz,H-1)

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Example 22

N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyloxy(177.0mg, 0.18mmol) was in a mixture of dry dioxane(3.0ml) and dry DMF(1.0ml). To the solution were added octadecanoic acid(66.6mg, 0.234mmol), DCC(74.3mg, 0.360mmol) and DMAP(11.0mg, 0.090mmol). The resultant was stirred for 16 hours at room temperature. In the same manner as that in Example 11, the title compound (164.0mg, 72.8%) was obtained.

mp : 106-108.5 °C

[α]_D²⁵ : +38.46 (C = 0.624, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 1 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3700-3150(OH), 3300(NH), 2930, 2860(CH), 1740(ester), 1660, 1540(amido)

NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.88(t,9H,JCH₂CH₂66Hz,3MeCH₂), 1.25(m,72H,36CH₂), 1.43(d,3H,JMeCH₆2Hz,MeC of Lac), 1.59(m,6H,3MeCH₂), 1.99(s,3H,AcN), 2.01-2.20(m,8H,CH₂CH of Gln,3CH₂CO), 2.30-2.40(t,2H,JCH₂CH₂7.7Hz,CH₂CO of Gln), 3.69(s,3H,COOMe), 5.30(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄OC₁₈), 6.05(d,1H,J_{1,2}3.0Hz,H-1)

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Example 23

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N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoylthio(634.1mg, 0.610mmol) was dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution(15ml), which was allowed to stand for an hour at 45 °C. In the same manner as that in Example 4, the title compound (609.6mg) was quantitatively obtained.

mp : 112.5-113.8 °C

[α]_D²⁵ : +24.62 (C = 0.600, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 1 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3400-3100(OH), 3260(NH), 2910, 2850(CH), 1740(ester), 1640, 1530(amido)

NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.88(t,6H,JMeCH₂,4.0Hz,2MeCH₂), 1.25(m,44H,22CH₂), 1.33(d,3H,JMeCH₇.3Hz,MeC of Lac), 1.36(d,3H,JMeCH₇.3Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.58(m,4H,2MeCH₂), 1.92(s,3H,AcN), 1.91-2.04(m,2H,CHCH₂ of Gln), 2.26(m,6H,CH₂CO of Gln,2CH₂CO), 3.69(s,3H,COOMe), 4.02-4.09(t,1H,J_{6a,6b}8.7Hz,H-6a), 4.28(m,1H,CH of Gln), 5.08(d,1H,J_{1,2}4.0Hz,H-1), 5.21(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄-O-C₁₈)

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Example 24

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N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoylthio(400.0mg, 0.400mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (4.0ml) and dry DMF(1.5ml). To the solution were added octadecanoic acid(147.9mg, 0.520mmol), DCC(165.1mg, 0.800mmol) and DMAP(24.4mg, 0.200mmol), and the resultant was stirred for 3.5 hours at room temperature. In the same manner as that in Example 14, the title compound (258.6mg, yield : 51.0%) was obtained.

mp : 123.1-124.5 °C

[α]_D²⁵ : +17.01 (C = 0.723, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 2 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3650-3150(OH), 3300(NH), 2930, 2850(CH), 1730(ester), 1650, 1550(amido)

NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.88(t,9H,JMeCH₂5.5Hz,3MeCH₂), 1.25(m,74H,37CH₂), 1.34(d,3H,JMeCH₆6.6Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.44-1.67(m,6H,3MeCH₂), 1.85(s,3H,AcN), 2.17-2.79(m,2H,CH₂CH of Gln), 2.31(t,2H,JCH₂CH₂8.4Hz,CH₂CO of Gln), 3.70(s,3H,COOMe), 5.10(d,1H,J_{1,2}10.6Hz,H-1), 5.14(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄OC₁₈)

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Example 25

N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyloxy(465.2mg, 0.420mmol) was dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution (15ml), which was allowed to stand for an hour at 45°C. In the same manner as that in Example 4, the title compound(448.3mg) was quantitatively obtained.

mp : 183.5-185°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: +34.13° (C = 0.920, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 2 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3700-3120(OH), 3300(NH), 2930, 2850(CH), 1740(ester), 1660, 1540(amido)
 NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.89(t,9H,JMeCH₂6.6Hz,3MeCH₂), 1.25(m,56H,28CH₂), 1.41(d,3H,JMeCH₂6.9Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.44(d,3H,JMeCH₂6.9Hz,MeC of Lac), 1.60(m,6H,3MeCH₂), 1.99(s,3H,AcN), 1.94-2.01(m,2H,CH₂CH₂ of Gln), 2.20-2.39(m,6H,3CH₂CO), 2.29(t,2H,JCH₂CH₂13Hz,CH₂OO of Gln), 3.69(s,3H,COOMe), 5.30(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄OC₂₄), 6.05(d,1H,J_{1,2}2.9Hz,H-1)

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Example 26N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I') wherein R₁ is 3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyloxy (234.8mg, 0.220mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (3.0ml) and dry DMF(1.0ml). To the solution were added octadecanoic acid (81.3mg, 0.286mmol), DCC (90.8mg, 0.440mmol) and DMAP(13.4mg, 0.110mmol), and the resultant was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. In the same manner as that in Example 11, the title compound (200.7mg, yield : 68.3%) was obtained.

mp : 66.5-68°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: +34.11° (C = 0.680, CH₂Cl₂ : MeOH = 1 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3700-3100(OH), 3300(NH), 2930, 2850(CH), 1760(ester), 1660, 1540(amido)
 NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.88(t,9H,JCH₂CH₂6.6Hz,3MeCH₂), 1.25(m,88H,44CH₂), 1.43(d,3H,JMeOH₂6.6Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.44(d,3H,JMeOH₂7.0Hz,MeC of Lac), 1.61(m,6H,3MeCH₂), 2.00(m,8H,CH₂CH of Gln,3CH₂CO), 1.99-(s,3H,AcN), 2.33(t,2H,JCH₂CH₂4.2Hz,CH₂CO of Gln), 3.65(s,3H,COOMe), 4.20(q,1H,JMe₂CH₂H₂,MeCH of Ala), 5.29(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄OC₂₄), 6.04(d,1H,J_{1,2}33Hz,1-H)

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Example 27N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (III) wherein R₁ is 3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoylthio (617.9mg, 0.550mmol) was dissolved in 80% acetic acid aqueous solution (12ml), which was allowed to stand for an hour at 45°C. In the same manner as that in Example 4, the title compound (595.9mg) was quantitatively obtained.

mp : 168.5-170.1°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: +5.18° (C = 0.772, CH₂Cl₂ MeOH = 1 : 1)

IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3500-3200(OH), 3280(NH), 2910, 2850(CH), 1720(ester), 1630, 1540(amido)

50 NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.88(t,6H,JMe₂CH₂ Hz,2MeCH₂) 1.25(m,56H,28CH₂), 1.30(d,3H,JMeCH₂8.3Hz,MeC of Lac), 1.34(d,3H,JMeCH₂7.5Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.58(m,4H,2MeCH₂), 1.97-1.91(m,2H,2M CH₂), 1.94(s,3H,AcN), 2.25-(m,6H,CHCH₂ of Gln), 3.69(s,3H,COOMe), 4.05(t,1H,J_{6a,6b}10.1Hz,H-6a), 4.24-4.28(m,1H,CH of Gln), 5.09-(d,1H,J_{1,2}10.8Hz,H-1), 5.13-5.19(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄-O-C₂₄)

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Example 28

N-[2-O-{2-Acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio-β-D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester

The compound of the formula (I) wheren R₁ is 3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoylthio (411.8mg, 5 0.380mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of dry dioxane (4.0ml) and dry DMF (1.5ml). To the solution were added octadeconoic acid (140.5mg, 0.494mmol), DCC(156.8mg, 0.760mmol) and DMAP (23.2mg, 0.190mmol), and the resultant was stirred for 3 hours at room temperature. In the same manner as that in Example 14, the title compound (223.5mg, yield:43.5%) was obtained. mp : 147.5-149.0 °C
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} : +17.40^\circ$ (C = 0.632,CH₂Cl₂ MeOH = 1 : 1)
10 IR γ max(cm⁻¹) : 3600-3200(OH), 3300(NH), 2950, 2880(CH), 1750(ester), 1660, 1560(amido)
NMR(CDCl₃) : 0.88(t,9H,JMeCH5.5Hz,3MeCH₂), 1.25(m,86H,43CH₂), 1.35(d,3H,JMeCH6.3Hz,MeC of Ala), 1.57(m,6H,3MeCH₂), 1.90(s,3H,AcN), 2.05-2.90(m,2H,CH₂CH of Gln), 2.35(t,2H,JCH₂CH₂7.8Hz,CH₂CO of Gln), 3.68(s,3H,COOMe), 5.13(d,1H,J_{1,2}11.0Hz,H-1), 5.15(m,1H,H-3 of C₁₄OC₂₄)

Pharmacological activities of the compounds of the present invention are shown as follows.

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(1) Hepatitis-vaccine enhancing activity (adjuvant activity)

A compound of the present invention was dissolved in lipidmicrosphere (1mg/ml). On the other hand, a 20 solution of hepatitis B virus surface antigen (HBs) in physiological saline was prepared (50μg/ml). The above solutions in equal amounts were mixed to prepare a test solution. A control solution was prepared by the exclusion of the compound of the present invention from said test solution. A mixture of a suspension of aluminium hydroxide gel in physiological saline (1mg/ml) and said hepatitis vaccine preparation in equal amounts was prepared as another control solution. The test solution (0.2ml) was intraperitoneally administered to each mouse in one group consisting of seven female CDF₁ mice.
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Blood samples were collected from the fundus oculi vein of each mouse every week after the administration and then centrifuged to obtain serums. Three weeks after the administration, 0.2ml of the test liquid was intraperitoneally administered again to each mouse for secondary stimulation. Then blood collecting was conducted every week to obtain serums after the application of the secondary stimulation, in 30 the same manner as that described above.

The amount of the IgG antibodies against the hepatitis B virus surface antigens (HBs) in the serums thus obtained was determined with an ELISA method. The results are shown in Table 1.

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Table 1

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* Adjuvant activities on hepatitis B
virus surface antigens - Experiment 1

Test material	Anti HBs serum antigen value (average value \pm S.D.) O.D. 415nm 5000-fold dilution				
	1 W	2 W	3 W	4 W	5 W
Example 1	0.001 \pm 0.001	0.018 \pm 0.000	0.074 \pm 0.002	0.815 \pm 0.011	0.843 \pm 0.005
2	0	0.023 \pm 0.000	0.076 \pm 0.001	0.975 \pm 0.008	0.930 \pm 0.004
3	0	0.027 \pm 0.001	0.064 \pm 0.003	0.631 \pm 0.006	0.692 \pm 0.009
4	0	0.073 \pm 0.001	0.111 \pm 0.007	0.848 \pm 0.009	0.935 \pm 0.022
5	0.001 \pm 0.001	0.021 \pm 0.001	0.048 \pm 0.001	0.643 \pm 0.013	0.490 \pm 0.009
6	0	0.020 \pm 0.002	0.069 \pm 0.001	0.477 \pm 0.005	0.529 \pm 0.005
7	0	0.016 \pm 0.003	0.071 \pm 0.004	0.426 \pm 0.000	0.470 \pm 0.010
8	0	0.067 \pm 0.003	0.114 \pm 0.002	0.897 \pm 0.012	0.845 \pm 0.016
9	0.014 \pm 0.002	0.092 \pm 0.003	0.149 \pm 0.001	0.681 \pm 0.012	0.702 \pm 0.006
10	0	0.061 \pm 0.002	0.114 \pm 0.003	0.778 \pm 0.024	0.878 \pm 0.009
11	0.010 \pm 0.002	0.083 \pm 0.002	0.124 \pm 0.003	0.602 \pm 0.009	0.716 \pm 0.020
12	0.007 \pm 0.003	0.109 \pm 0.002	0.111 \pm 0.001	0.608 \pm 0.021	0.695 \pm 0.021
13	0	0.081 \pm 0.003	0.126 \pm 0.003	0.635 \pm 0.011	0.742 \pm 0.016
14	0	0.071 \pm 0.000	0.104 \pm 0.003	0.784 \pm 0.022	0.846 \pm 0.024
15	0	0.085 \pm 0.002	0.129 \pm 0.001	0.788 \pm 0.008	0.905 \pm 0.020
16	0	0.079 \pm 0.004	0.103 \pm 0.004	0.850 \pm 0.008	0.903 \pm 0.021
Aluminum hydroxide gel	0	0	0	0.027 \pm 0.001	0.040 \pm 0.001
Control	0	0	0	0.097 \pm 0.006	0.123 \pm 0.001

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Table 1 (continued)

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Adjuvant activities on hepatitis B
virus surface antigens - Experiment 2

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Test material	Anti HBs serum antigen value (average value \pm S.D.) O.D. 415nm, 20000-fold dilution				
	1 W	2 W	3 W	4 W	5 W
Example 17	0.001 \pm 0.004	0.026 \pm 0.001	0.051 \pm 0.001	0.642 \pm 0.021	0.615 \pm 0.021
18	0	0.035 \pm 0.007	0.050 \pm 0.004	0.481 \pm 0.006	0.375 \pm 0.008
19	0	0.023 \pm 0.000	0.042 \pm 0.001	0.536 \pm 0.011	0.521 \pm 0.012
20	0.002 \pm 0.001	0.044 \pm 0.005	0.056 \pm 0.003	0.814 \pm 0.018	0.708 \pm 0.002
21	0.006 \pm 0.004	0.038 \pm 0.000	0.058 \pm 0.007	0.517 \pm 0.006	0.498 \pm 0.011
22	0.005 \pm 0.004	0.036 \pm 0.007	0.053 \pm 0.001	0.294 \pm 0.006	0.254 \pm 0.002
23	0.004 \pm 0.001	0.051 \pm 0.003	0.092 \pm 0.004	0.639 \pm 0.003	0.626 \pm 0.008
24	0.007 \pm 0.001	0.034 \pm 0.001	0.050 \pm 0.000	0.579 \pm 0.007	0.513 \pm 0.011
25	0.004 \pm 0.002	0.021 \pm 0.001	0.031 \pm 0.004	0.402 \pm 0.011	0.434 \pm 0.021
30	0.001 \pm 0.006	0.015 \pm 0.006	0.032 \pm 0.008	0.192 \pm 0.002	0.163 \pm 0.004
26	0.003 \pm 0.003	0.031 \pm 0.002	0.052 \pm 0.000	0.580 \pm 0.016	0.573 \pm 0.013
35	0.005 \pm 0.003	0.062 \pm 0.004	0.086 \pm 0.004	0.611 \pm 0.018	0.543 \pm 0.029
Aluminum hydroxide gel	0	0.002 \pm 0.002	0.006 \pm 0.004	0.196 \pm 0.003	0.227 \pm 0.001
Control	0	0.017 \pm 0.000	0.022 \pm 0.001	0.267 \pm 0.004	0.232 \pm 0.004

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45 (2) Influenza HA vaccine enhancing activity (adjuvant activity)

A compound of the present invention was dissolved in lipidmicrosphere (1mg/ml). On the other hand, a solution of influenza HA vaccine (B/nagasaki/1/87 strain) in physiological saline was prepared (100 ccA/ml). The above solutions in equal amounts were mixed to prepar a test solution. A control solution was mad by the exclusion of the compound of the present inventin from said test liquid. A mixture of a susp nsion of aluminium hydroxid gel in physiological saline(1mg/ml) and said influenza HA vaccine preparation in equal amounts was pr pared as anoth r control liquid. Th test solution (0.2ml) was intrap ritoneally administered to each mouse in on group consisting of seven female CDF₁ mic .

Blood samples were collect d from the fundus oculi vein of ach mouse ev ry week aft r the administration and then c ntrifuged to obtain serums. Three weeks after th amrinstration, 0.2ml of th test liquid was intrap ritoneally administered again to ach mouse for secondary stimulation. Then, blood coll ctting was conducted v ry we k to obtain s rums aft r the application of the secondary stimulation, in the same manner as that d scribed above.

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The amount of the IgG antibodies against the influenza HA vaccine (B/Nagasaki/1/87 strain) in the serums thus obtained was determined with an ELISA method. The results are shown in Table 2.

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Table 2

10 * Adjuvant activities on influenza HA
vaccines - Experiment I

Test material	Anti HA serum antigen value (average value \pm S.D.) O.D. 415nm 5000-fold dilution				
	1 W	2 W	3 W	4 W	5 W
Example 1	0.007 \pm 0.003	0.174 \pm 0.003	0.232 \pm 0.003	1.243 \pm 0.036	1.201 \pm 0.002
2	0.003 \pm 0.001	0.172 \pm 0.004	0.420 \pm 0.005	1.447 \pm 0.029	1.418 \pm 0.035
3	0.009 \pm 0.000	0.182 \pm 0.003	0.292 \pm 0.004	1.122 \pm 0.020	1.140 \pm 0.013
4	0.004 \pm 0.001	0.215 \pm 0.001	0.381 \pm 0.004	1.204 \pm 0.012	1.150 \pm 0.016
5	0	0.091 \pm 0.002	0.377 \pm 0.001	1.037 \pm 0.027	1.068 \pm 0.004
6	0.001 \pm 0.001	0.013 \pm 0.002	0.259 \pm 0.004	1.025 \pm 0.013	1.159 \pm 0.013
7	0.001 \pm 0.001	0.112 \pm 0.003	0.286 \pm 0.001	1.039 \pm 0.010	1.128 \pm 0.026
8	0.001 \pm 0.001	0.105 \pm 0.005	0.246 \pm 0.004	1.246 \pm 0.019	1.267 \pm 0.023
9	0.019 \pm 0.002	0.168 \pm 0.005	0.392 \pm 0.006	1.342 \pm 0.005	1.329 \pm 0.026
10	0.005 \pm 0.001	0.153 \pm 0.003	0.280 \pm 0.000	1.149 \pm 0.018	1.203 \pm 0.014
11	0	0.073 \pm 0.000	0.160 \pm 0.005	1.059 \pm 0.016	1.050 \pm 0.003
12	0	0.105 \pm 0.004	0.176 \pm 0.002	1.039 \pm 0.015	1.050 \pm 0.008
13	0	0.088 \pm 0.004	0.140 \pm 0.001	0.868 \pm 0.010	0.824 \pm 0.002
14	0	0.110 \pm 0.003	0.186 \pm 0.007	0.974 \pm 0.006	0.954 \pm 0.002
15	0.007 \pm 0.000	0.119 \pm 0.005	0.218 \pm 0.006	1.249 \pm 0.013	1.262 \pm 0.017
16	0.001 \pm 0.001	0.145 \pm 0.004	0.257 \pm 0.010	1.251 \pm 0.010	1.262 \pm 0.026
Aluminum hydroxide gel	0	0	0	0.162 \pm 0.004	0.263 \pm 0.007
Control	0	0	0	0.410 \pm 0.004	0.502 \pm 0.008

Table 2 (continued)

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* Adjuvant activities on influenza III
vaccines - Experiment 2

Test material	Anti III serum antigen value (average value \pm S.D.) O.D. 415nm 80000-fold dilution				
	1 W	2 W	3 W	4 W	5 W
Example 17	0.010 \pm 0.002	0.122 \pm 0.006	0.191 \pm 0.001	0.611 \pm 0.017	0.696 \pm 0.014
18	0	0.052 \pm 0.004	0.075 \pm 0.001	0.370 \pm 0.005	0.360 \pm 0.001
19	0	0.125 \pm 0.003	0.187 \pm 0.001	0.872 \pm 0.002	0.936 \pm 0.006
20	0.001 \pm 0.001	0.071 \pm 0.001	0.110 \pm 0.008	0.840 \pm 0.011	0.857 \pm 0.023
21	0	0.060 \pm 0.001	0.097 \pm 0.002	0.748 \pm 0.003	0.758 \pm 0.012
22	0.001 \pm 0.004	0.065 \pm 0.001	0.100 \pm 0.003	0.411 \pm 0.009	0.492 \pm 0.002
23	0.008 \pm 0.005	0.096 \pm 0.001	0.183 \pm 0.004	0.949 \pm 0.006	1.030 \pm 0.003
24	0.006 \pm 0.001	0.085 \pm 0.005	0.113 \pm 0.007	0.771 \pm 0.003	0.791 \pm 0.004
25	0.009 \pm 0.001	0.109 \pm 0.002	0.149 \pm 0.004	0.623 \pm 0.019	0.719 \pm 0.021
26	0.004 \pm 0.003	0.038 \pm 0.001	0.054 \pm 0.001	0.208 \pm 0.001	0.206 \pm 0.002
27	0	0.110 \pm 0.003	0.161 \pm 0.003	0.751 \pm 0.004	0.805 \pm 0.008
28	0.008 \pm 0.004	0.041 \pm 0.004	0.061 \pm 0.001	0.787 \pm 0.018	0.779 \pm 0.024
Aluminum hydroxide gel	0	0	0	0.152 \pm 0.008	0.181 \pm 0.008
Control	0	0.046 \pm 0.001	0.071 \pm 0.004	0.380 \pm 0.004	0.388 \pm 0.005

45 (3) Activation of macrophages (an effect which inhibits the growth of tumor cells)

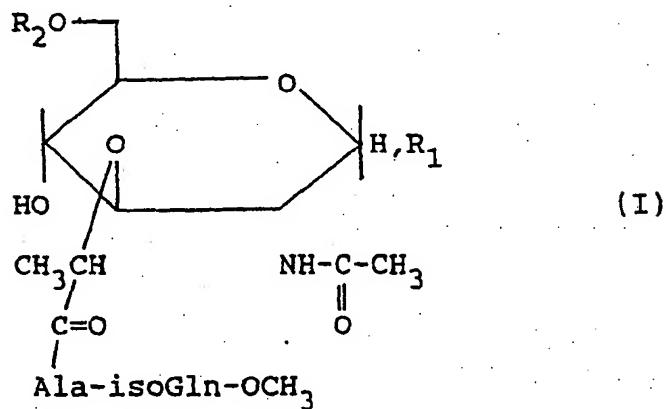
A compound of the present invention was dissolved in lipidmicrospheres to obtain a solution in a concentration of 500 μ g/ml, and 0.2ml of such solution was intraperitoneally administered to each mouse in one group consisting of seven female CDF₁ mice. Intraperitoneal macrophages obtained three days after the administration and L-1210 mouse leukemia cells were mixed in the ratio of cell numbers of 20 : 1, respectively. Two hundred μ l of the mixture was placed in each well of one sheet of 96 well microtiter plate. After 72 hours, the increase of the cell number in each well was determined by a MTT assay method. The ratio of the cell number for the mixture of the L-1210 cells and the macrophage relative to the cell number for the L-1210 cells only(growth inhibitory ratio) was determined, and the results are shown in Tabl 3.

Tabl 3

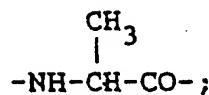
Test material	Growth inhibitory ratio of L-1210 mouse leukemia cells(%)
Example 1	40.0
2	41.3
3	42.6
4	45.2
5	57.8
6	63.0
7	90.2
8	57.9
9	58.5
10	76.6
11	59.7
12	79.0
13	39.7
14	96.4
15	87.5
16	76.3
Control	9.1

Claims

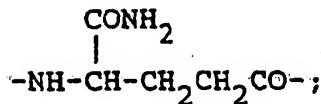
30 1. A muramyl dipeptide derivative of the following formula (I):



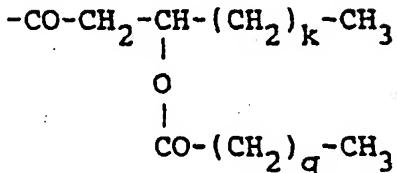
wherein "Ala" is



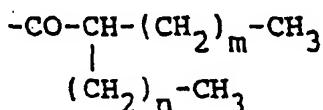
56 "isoGln" is



5

 R^1 is $\text{R}_3\text{O}-$ or $\text{R}_3\text{S}-[\text{R}_3$ is

10

(k is an integer from 8 to 12; q is an integer from 10 to 22) or R_3 is

20

(m is an integer from 11 to 17; n is an integer from 11 to 17); and R_2 is hydrogen atom or $-\text{CO}-(\text{CH}_2)_p-\text{CH}_3$
(p is an integer from 8 to 22).

25

2. A compound of claim 1 wherein R_3 is 2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl.3. A compound of claim 1 wherein R_3 is (3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl.4. A compound of claim 1 wherein R_3 is (3R)-3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl.5. A compound of claim 1 wherein R_2 is hydrogen atom.6. A compound of claim 1 wherein R_2 is tetradecanoyl.

30

7. A compound of claim 1 wherein "Ala" is L-alanine residue, and "isoGin" is D-isoglutamine residue.

8. A compound of claim 1 which is

N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,35 N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-O-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,40 N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,45 N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-S-(2-tetradecylhexadecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,50 N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-tetradecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,55 N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-octadecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,N-[2-O-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-O-decanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl}-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,

glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamin methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-0-tetradecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-0-octadecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetradecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-6-0-octadecanoyl- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
10 N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-hexadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-6-0-octadecanoyl-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
15 N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-0-octadecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
20 N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-0-octadecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-octadecanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-O-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-0-octadecanoyl-1-O-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyl)- α -D-
25 glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester,
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-1-S-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester, or
N-[2-0-{2-acetamido-2,3-dideoxy-6-0-octadecanoyl-1-S-((3R)-3-tetracosanoyloxytetradecanoyl)-1-thio- β -D-glucopyranos-3-yl]-D-lactoyl]-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methylester.
30 9. An immunoregulating composition comprising a muramyl dipeptide derivative of the formula (I) as defined in claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
10. An immunoregulating composition of claim 9 in which the muramyl dipeptide derivative (I) is a compound in accordance with any one of claims 2 to 8.
11. An immunoregulating composition of claim 9 which is used for enhancing in vivo activity of a BCG,
35 hepatitis or influenza virus vaccines.
12. An immunoregulating composition of claim 9 which is used for enhancing in vivo activity of antibacterial agents.
13. An immunoregulating composition of claim 9 which is used for enhancing in vivo activity of antitumor agents.

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European Patent
Office

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 90 10 4006

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.5)
Y	INFECTION AND IMMUNITY, vol. 53, no. 3, September 1986, pages 511-516, American Society for Microbiology, Washington, DC, US; M. TSUJIMOTO et al.: "Adjuvant activity of 6-O-Acyl-muramylidipeptides to enhance primary cellular and humoral immune responses in Guinea pigs: Adaptability to various vehicles and pyrogenicity"	1-7	C 07 K 9/00 A 61 K 39/39 A 61 K 37/02
Y	AGRIC. BIOL. CHEM., vol. 50, no. 8, 1986, pages 2091-2094, Tokyo, JP; A. HASEGAWA et al.: "Synthesis of N-(2-O-[2-acetamido-1-O-acyl (or 1,6-di-O-acyl)-2,3-dideoxy-alpha-D-gluco pyranose-3-yl]-D-lactoyl)-L-alanyl-D-isoglutamine methyl esters, and their immunoadjuvant activities"	1-7	
Y	INFECTION AND IMMUNITY, vol. 56, no. 1, January 1988, pages 149-155, American Society for Microbiology, Washington, DC, US; Y. KUMAZAWA et al.: "Importance of fatty acid substituents of chemically synthesized lipid A-subunit analogs in the expression of immunopharmacological activity"	1-7	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.5)
			C 07 K A 61 K
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search	Date of completion of the search	Examiner	
THE HAGUE	13-06-1990	DEFFNER C-A.E.	
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS			
X : particularly relevant if taken alone	T : theory or principle underlying the invention		
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